- (b) State and solve Koingsberg seven bridge problem.
- 7. (a) State and prove Euler's formula for connected planar graph.
  7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>
  - (b) Verify whether the graph with adjacency matrix given below is connected :  $7\frac{1}{2}$ 
    - $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

## Unit IV

8. (a) A directed graph has the following adjacency matrix. Check whether it is strongly connected :  $7\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\mathbf{A}(\mathbf{G}) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) Define isomorphism of trees. Are the following trees isomorphic ? 7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>

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# **BB-344**

Dual Degree B. Sc. (Hons.) EXAMINATION, May 2018 (Second Semester) (Main & Re-appear) MATHEMATICS MAT218H

Discrete Mathematics-II

*Time* : 3 *Hours*]

[Maximum Marks: 75

Before answering the question-paper candidates should ensure that they have been supplied to correct and complete question-paper. No complaint, in this regard, will be entertained after the examination.

**Note** : Q. No. **1** is compulsory. Attempt any *Four* questions *one* question from each Unit.

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**P.T.O.** 

- 1. (a) Let  $a, b, c \in L$  where  $(L, \leq)$  is a distributive lattice. Then prove that :  $a \lor b = a \lor c$  and  $a \land b = a \land c$  implies b = c.
  - (b) Find the atoms of the Boolean algebra :
    - (i)  $B^2$
    - (ii)  $B^4$
    - (iii)  $\mathbf{B}^n$  for  $n \ge 1$ .
  - (c) In a graph G, the number of odd vertices is an even number.
  - (d) If G is a tree on *n* vertices, then G has (n 1) edges. 15

#### Unit I

- 2. (a) Define a lattice and give one example. Prove the associated law and absorption law of lattices.  $7\frac{1}{2}$ 
  - (b) Define complemented distributive lattice and prove that de Morgan's laws hold good in it.  $7\frac{1}{2}$

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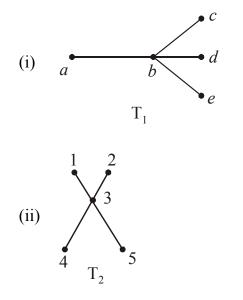
- 3. (a) Prove that direct product of any *two* distributive lattices is a distributive lattice.  $7\frac{1}{2}$ 
  - (b) Is the Cartesian product of two lattices always a lattice ? Prove your claim. 7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>

## Unit II

- 4. (a) Define Boolean algebra and prove associative laws of it. 7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>
  - (b) Let a be any element of a Boolean algebra then prove that :
    - (i) Complement of 'a' is unique
    - (ii) (a')' = a
    - (iii) O' = I and I' = O.  $7\frac{1}{2}$
- 5. (a) Reduce the following Boolean function :  $F = \Sigma m(0, 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 13, 15 7\frac{1}{2})$ 
  - (b) Explain briefly switching circuits.  $7\frac{1}{2}$

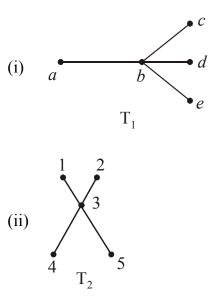
### Unit III

- 6. (a) If G is a connected graph and every vertex of G has even degree, then G has an Euler circuit.  $7\frac{1}{2}$
- (3-50/21)M-BB-344 3 P.T.O.



- 9. (a) A graph G has a spanning tree iff G is connected.
   7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>
  - (b) Explain tree searching with an example.





- 9. (a) A graph G has a spanning tree iff G is connected.  $7\frac{1}{2}$ 
  - (b) Explain tree searching with an example.  $7\frac{1}{2}$

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