

No. of Printed Pages : 03

Roll No.

CC-312

M.Sc. EXAMINATION, May 2017

(Third Semester)

(Re-appear Only)

MATHEMATICS

MAT-603-B

Partial Differential Equations

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Before answering the question-paper candidates should ensure that they have been supplied to correct and complete question-paper. No complaint, in this regard, will be entertained after the examination.

Note : Attempt any *Five* questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) Discuss Transport equation and initial value problem.

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- (b) State and prove the theorem on Mean-value formulas for Laplace's equation.
2. (a) State and prove Harnack's inequality.
- (b) Discuss Green's function and the method of derivation of Green's function.
3. (a) State and prove the theorem on Dirichlet's principle based on energy methods.
- (b) Suppose $u \in C_1^2(U_T)$ solve the heat equation in U_T . Then :
- $$u \in C^\infty(U_T)$$
4. (a) Derive Kirchhoff's formula for the solution of the initial-value problem :
- $$u_{tt} - \Delta u = 0 \quad \text{in } \mathbf{R}^n \times (0, \infty)$$
- $$u = g, u_t = h \quad \text{on } \mathbf{R}^n \times \{t = 0\}$$
- in three dimensions.
- (b) Discuss cone of dependence and prove the theorem on finite propagation speed.

5. (a) Solve the problem :

$$\begin{cases} x_1 u_{x_2} - x_2 u_{x_1} = u & \text{in } U \\ u = g & \text{on } T \end{cases}$$

where U is the quadrant $\{x_1 > 0, x_2 > 0\}$ and $T = \{x_1 > 0, x_2 = 0\} \subseteq U$.

- (b) State and prove the theorem on Local existence theorem for the solution of the PDE :

$$F(Du(x), u(x), x) = 0 \quad (x \in V)$$

with the boundary condition :

$$u(x) = g(x) \quad (x \in T \cap V)$$

6. (a) State and prove the Lemma on Lipschitz continuity.
- (b) Discuss the Lipschitz continuous function as a weak solution of an initial-value problem and prove the theorem on uniqueness of weak solutions.
7. (a) Discuss the properties of Fourier transforms assuming $u, v \in L^2(\mathbf{R}^n)$
- (b) Discuss the technique of utilizing a potential function for the conversion of a non-linear system of PDE into a single linear PDE.