

## HH343

### M. Sc. EXAMINATION, 2020

(5 Year Integrated)

(Eighth Semester)

(B Scheme)

(Main & Re-appear)

MATHEMATICS

MAT516H

General Topology

B. Sc. (Hons.) M. Sc. (Mathematics)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 75

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Before answering the question-paper candidates should ensure that they have been supplied to correct and complete question-paper. No complaint, in this regard, will be entertained after the examination.

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**Note** : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting at least *one* question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

#### Unit I

1. (a) Prove that every metric space is normal.  
(b) Prove that every completely normal space is normal and hence every  $T_5$ -space is a  $T_4$ -space.
2. (a) Let  $(X, T)$  be a topological space. If  $X$  is a Hausdorff space, then so is quotient space.  
(b) State and prove Urysohn's lemma.

## Unit II

3. (a) Let  $(X, T_1)$  and  $(Y, T_2)$  be two topological spaces. Then the collection  $\{G \times H : G \in T_1 \text{ and } H \in T_2\}$  is a base for some topology for  $X \times Y$ .  
(b) The product space is connected  $\Leftrightarrow$  each space is connected.
4. (a) State and prove Tychonoff product theorem.  
(b) The product space  $X = \prod \{X_\lambda : \lambda \in \Lambda\}$  is  $T_1$  iff each coordinate space  $X_\lambda$  is  $T_1$ .

## Unit III

5. (a) Let  $(X, T)$  be a topological space and  $Y \subset X$ . Then a point  $x_0 \in X$  is an accumulation point of  $Y$  iff there exists a net in  $Y - \{x_0\}$  converging to  $x_0$ .  
(b) A topological space  $(X, T)$  is Hausdorff iff every net in  $X$  can converge to at most one point.
6. (a) Let  $\mathbf{A}$  be a non-empty family of subsets of a set  $X$ . Then there exists a filter on  $X$  containing  $\mathbf{A}$  iff  $\mathbf{A}$  has the F.I.P.  
(b) A topological space  $(X, T)$  is Hausdorff iff every convergent filter in  $X$  has a unique limit.

## Unit IV

7. (a) Let  $\mathbf{A}$  be an open, locally finite cover of a normal space  $X$ . Then for each  $A \in \mathbf{A}$ , there exists an open set  $G(A)$  s.t.  $\overline{G(A)} \subset A$  and the family  $\{G(A) : A \in \mathbf{A}\}$  covers  $X$ .  
(b) Prove that every regular Lindeloff space is paracompact.
8. (a) State and prove Michael's theorem on characterisation of paracompactness in regular spaces.  
(b) State and prove Nagata-Smirnov metrization theorem.