## II-347

## M.Sc (Mathematics) EXAMINATION, Oct. 2020

(Ninth Semester)

(Re-appear Only)

## MAT623H

(5 Year Integrated)

Mechanics of solids

Time: 3 Hours] Maximum Marks: 75

Before answering the question-paper candidates should ensure that they have been supplied

to correct and complete question paper. No Complaint, in this regards, will be entertained after the examination.

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Note: Attempt any four questions in all. All questions carry equal marks.

Q.1a. The stress matrix at a point P in a material is given as

$$\tau_{ij} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & -5 \\ 4 & -5 & 0 \end{bmatrix},$$

Find

- (i) the stress vector on a plane element through P and parallel to the plane  $2x_1 + x_2 x_3 = 1$
- (i) the magnitude of the stress vector, normal stress and the shear stress
- (ii) the angle that the stress vector makes with the normal to the plane.
- Q.1b. Show that stress tensor is symmetric.
- Q.2a. Define stress quadric of Cauchy and Show that normal to the quadric surface at the end of a radius vector is parallel to the stress vector acting on plane through P<sup>0</sup> normal to the radius vector.
- Q.2b. Show that stress components at any point inside the body form a tensor of order two
- Q.3a. Explain geometrical representation of shearing strain.
- Q.3b Prove that corresponding to real strain tensor, there exist a real eigen value.
- Q.4a. Discuss general infinitesimal deformation.

Q.4b. For the small linear deformation given by

(i) 
$$u_1 = \alpha x_1 x_2$$
,  $u_2 = \alpha x_1 x_2$ ,  $u_3 = 2 \alpha (x_1 + x_2)$ 

(ii) 
$$u_1 = -\alpha x_1 x_2$$
,  $u_2 = \alpha x_1 x_2$ ,  $u_3 = 0$ 

Find (i) strain tensor (ii) strain invariant (iii) rotation vector

- Q.5a. Derive generalized Hooke's law for an orthotropic material.
- Q.5b. Derive Navier equation of equilibrium for an isotropic elastic solid.
- Q.6a. If the body force F is derived from a harmonic potential function, show that the strain and stress invariant are harmonic functions and stress and strain components are biharmonic.
- Q.6b. Prove that  $\nabla^2 \theta = -\left(\frac{1+\sigma}{1-\sigma}\right) div f$ , where the symbols have their usual meaning.
- Q.7. Define strain energy function and its connection with Hooke's law.
- Q.8. Explain complex variable method for plane problem.