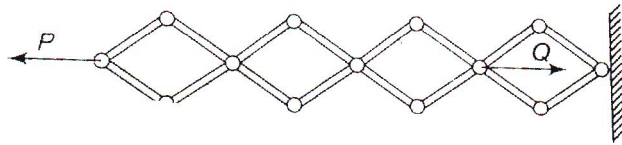
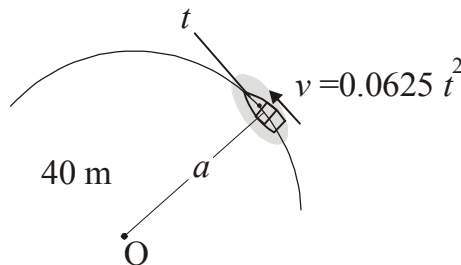


5. Explain the term virtual displacement. Calculate the relation between active force P and Q for equilibrium of the system of bars shown in Fig. The bars are so arranged that they form three identical rhombuses. **20**



6. The boat is travelling along the circular path with a speed of $v = (0.0625t^2)$ m/s where t is in seconds. Determine the magnitude of its acceleration when $t = 10$ s. **20**



7. The crankshaft AB is rotating at constant angular velocity of $\omega = 150$ rad/s. Calculate the velocity of the piston P at the instant $\theta = 30^\circ$. **20**

No. of Printed Pages : 05

Roll No.

W-132

B. Tech. (Weekend)

EXAMINATION, May 2018

(First Semester)

(Re-appear Only)

(ME)

MEW101

ENGINEERING MECHANICS

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

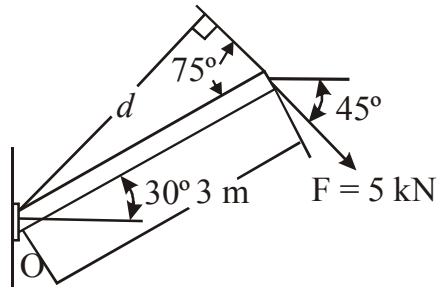
Before answering the question-paper candidates should ensure that they have been supplied to correct and complete question-paper. No complaint, in this regard, will be entertained after the examination.

Note : Attempt any *Five* questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. What do you understand by moment of force ?

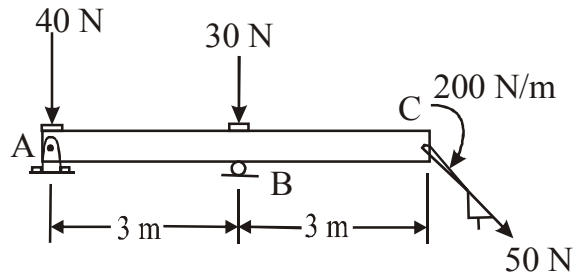
Determine the moment of force about point O.

20



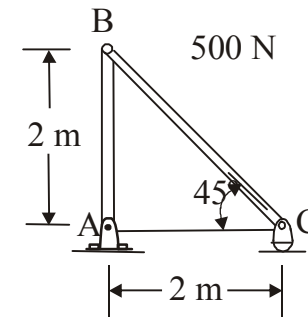
2. Differentiate between equal vectors and equivalent vectors. Replace the loading system by an equivalent resultant force and couple moment acting at point A.

20



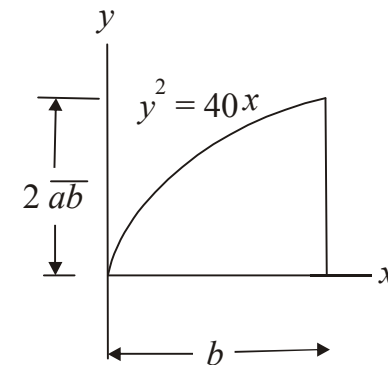
3. Determine the force in each member of the truss as shown in Fig. and also indicate whether the members are in tension or compression.

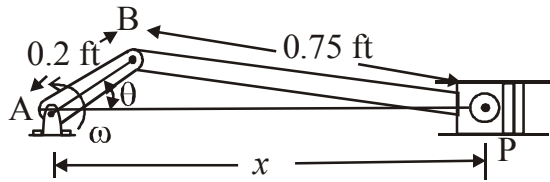
20



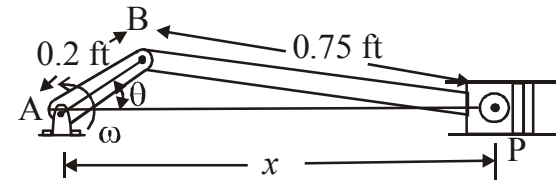
4. Determine the centroid of the area.

20





8. Explain any *four* of the following : **20**
- (a) Rectilinear and curvilinear translation motion
 - (b) Coriolis acceleration
 - (c) Chasles theorem
 - (d) Hamilton principle
9. Linear and angular momentum of a particle. **20**



8. Explain any *four* of the following : **20**
- (a) Rectilinear and curvilinear translation motion
 - (b) Coriolis acceleration
 - (c) Chasles theorem
 - (d) Hamilton principle
9. Linear and angular momentum of a particle. **20**