

- (b) How the atomic number and mass number of a nucleus changes when it (a) emits an alpha particle, (b) emits an electron, (c) emits a positron, (d) capture an electron. **10**

6. (a) Give the sketch of Fermi-Kurie plot. Also write the importance of this plot. **10**  
 (b) Explain the process Gamma decay in detail and write a note on multipole transitions in nuclei. **10**

#### Unit IV

7. How the liquid drop model explain the binding-energy curve ? Discuss the need of inclusion of asymmetry and pairing energy term in the binding energy formula. Also write the limitations of liquid drop model. **20**
8. How fussion reactors works explain in details. Also explain the nuclear fusion and thermonuclear reactions with suitable example. **20**

M-BB-284

4

30

No. of Printed Pages : 04

Roll No. ....

**BB-284**

**M. Sc. EXAMINATION, Dec. 2017**

(Second Semester)

(Re-appear Only)

PHYSICS

PHY-508-B

Elements of Nuclear Physics

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Maximum Marks : 100*

---

Before answering the question-paper candidates should ensure that they have been supplied to correct and complete question-paper. No complaint, in this regard, will be entertained after the examination.

---

**Note :** Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting at least *one* question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

(2-49/6) M-BB-284

P.T.O.

### Unit I

1. (a) Why the ordinary light is not suitable to study the size and shape of nuclei ? Explain it. Discuss the technique used to measure the nuclear mass. **10**  
(b) Write the semi-empirical mass formula for calculating the binding energy in a nucleus. Calculate the energy equivalent of the missing mass in  $^2\text{H}$ . [Measured mass of  $^2\text{H}$  is 2.016490u]. **10**
2. (a) What is the basis of technique used to measure electric quadrupole moments ? Define the electric quadrupole moment of a nucleus with the help of suitable expression. How one can calculate it, deduce an expression. Why spherically symmetric charge distribution has zero quadrupole moment. **15**  
(b) Sketch the plot depicting the charge and matter distribution in a Nucleus. **5**

### Unit II

3. Discuss the working of gas filled detectors. Explain the working, constructions, merits and limitations of proportional counter. **20**
4. (a) Explain the various modes of energy loss of charged particles in matter. Discuss the dependence of stopping power on energy and nature of projectile. **10**  
(b) Illustrate the mechanism of interaction of gamma radiation with matter. Also discuss the linear and mass attenuation coefficient. **10**

### Unit III

5. (a) Discuss the processes of Alpha and Beta decay along with their significance to understand the nuclear structure. Both  $^{14}\text{O}$  and  $^{19}\text{O}$  undergo beta decay. Which would you expect to emit a positron and which an electron ? Why ? **10**