#### **Unit III**

- **5.** (a) Define Boolean Algebra. Prove that If  $n = p_1p_2p_3....p_n$ , where  $p_i$  are distincts primes, known as set of atoms, then  $D_n$  is a Boolean algebra.
  - (b) State and prove representation theorem.

10

**6.** (a) Discuss Karnaugh map for one, two and three variables. Also simplify:

$$y = \overline{x}_1 x_2 \overline{x}_3 + x_1 x_2 \overline{x}_3$$
 10

(b) Define Half-Adder and Full-Adder. Also find the Boolean expression E(x, y, z) corresponding to the truth table T(E) = 00010001.

### **Unit IV**

- 7. (a) Define Graph and prove that following:
  - (i) State and prove Euler's theorem on graph (first theorem of graph theory).

4

M-CC313

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# **CC313**

## M.Sc. EXAMINATION, May 2019

(Third Semester)

(B. Scheme) (Re-appear)

**MATHEMATICS** 

**MAT605B** 

DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

Time: 3 Hours [Maximum Marks: 100

Before answering the question-paper candidates should ensure that they have been supplied to correct and complete question-paper. No complaint, in this regard, will be entertained after the examination.

**Note**: Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting at least *one* question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

(3-36/19)M-CC313

P.T.O.

### Unit I

1. (a) What do you mean by recurrence relation? Find an explicit formula for the sequence defined by the recurrence relation

 $a_n = a_{n-1} + 2a_{n-2}, n \ge 2$ with the initial conditions

 $a_0 = 1$  and  $a_1 = 8$ . 10

(b) Define total solution and particular solution of a difference equation. Find the particular solution of the difference equation:

 $a_n - a_{n-1} - 2a_{n-2} = 2n^2$  also write down the total solution. 10

**2.** (a) Define numeric and generating functions. Find the generating function of the number function :

 $a_n = 1^n + 2^n + 3^n, n \ge 0$ 

Also find the numeric function corresponding to generating function. 10

(b) Using generating function method, find the explicit formula for Fibonacci sequence.

2

**Unit II** 

**3.** (a) State and prove pigeohole principle. Also solve the following:

How many people at least in a group of 85 peoples have the same last initials?

10

(b) Define partially ordered set, chain and Lexicographic order. Also.

Prove that the diagraph of partial order has no cycle of length greater than I. 10

**4.** (a) Discuss conditional and biconditional statement prove :

If p and q are propositions, then:

$$p \leftrightarrow q \equiv (p \to q) \land (q \to p)$$
 10

(b) Define Lattice and state properties of Lattices.

Also describe lattice as algebraic system.

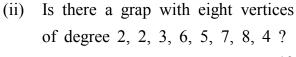
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(3-36/20)M-CC313

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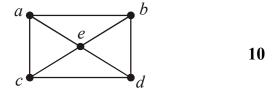
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M-CC313



10

(b) Define Hamiltonian path and Hamiltonian circuit. Does the graph G given below have Hamiltonian Circuit?

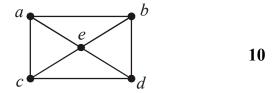


- 8. (a) Define tree. Prove that for any positive integer n, a tree with n vertices has n-1 edges.
  - (b) Define spanning tree of a graph, prove that a graph G has a spanning tree iff G is connected.

(ii) Is there a grap with eight vertices of degree 2, 2, 3, 6, 5, 7, 8, 4?

10

(b) Define Hamiltonian path and Hamiltonian circuit. Does the graph G given below have Hamiltonian Circuit?



- 8. (a) Define tree. Prove that for any positive integer n, a tree with n vertices has n-1 edges.
  - (b) Define spanning tree of a graph, prove that a graph G has a spanning tree iff G is connected.

M-CC313 5

(3-36/21)M-CC313

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**60**